DMPFIL

PROGRAM FOR PREPARING AN OCTAL DUMP OF A USER FILE

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

DMPFIL

DMPFIL is a file dump program; it reads a file and prepares a printable version of an octal dump of the file. It will also dump a DECtape block by block, dump a save file as a core dump, or dump a disk file structure block by block.

2.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

2.1 Assembly Instructions

.COMPILE DMPFIL

There are no assembly options.

2.2 Run Instructions

.R DMPFIL *<Output file>+<Input file>/Switches

2.2.1 Switches

nnnnnnD - dump a DECtape, beginning at block nnnnnn (octal). The dump includes a listing of the directory.

nnnnnnF - Dump a disk file starting at block nnnnnn. The default is 1 if /F is not specified, 0 if /F is specified. Note that block 0 is the RIB.

nnnnnK - Assume that the file is a save file, dump it as a core dump, beginning at loc nnnnnn.

nnnnnnH - Assume that the file is a high segment save file, dump it as a core dump.

nnnnns - Dump the disk beginning at block nnnnnn (octal) using SUPER USETI.

nnnnnnT - Stop the dump at nnnnnn (octal).

2.2.2 Default Conditions

The default output file is LPT:name.LST The default input file is DSK:name.ext.

The default is that the same filename is used as the input and output filename. If a backarrow (+) is not in the command string, the input file is specified. An equal sign (=) can be used in place of a backarrow (+). REENTER will close the files.